

# Progressing through changing Dynamics



### Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present financial results for the half year ended March 31, 2018.

Operational Highlights	March 2018	March 2017
Season Started	27-11-2017	15-11-2016
Crushing- M.Tons	999,780	1,056,198
Capacity Utilization	84.41%	72.19%
Sucrose Recovery	11.49%	11.06%
Sugar Production- M.Tons	113,810	116,780
Molasses production- M.Tons	44,645	47,856
Molasses Recovery	4.47%	4.53%
Financial Highlights	March 2018 (Rupees in Thous	March 2017 and except EPS)
Total Turnover	2,840,196	2,573,529
Sales tax /F.E.D	126,532	98,656
Gross profit	231,451	415,910
Gross Profit margin	8.53%	16.81%
Profit before tax	129,381	528,768
Profit before tax margin	4.77%	21.37%
Net Profit after tax	108,887	461,584
Net Profit margin	4.01%	18.65%
Earnings per share	3.40	14.41

This year was the first such in the last decade where crushing campaign continued beyond the first week of April. Hence, crushing and sugar production numbers were still inconclusive at the closing of the half year.

As at 31st March the sucrose recovery at 11.49% was comparatively better than last year's 11.06%. We are proud to report that this recovery is the highest in the history of the Company and one of the highest ever achieved by any mill in Pakistan.

Overall crushing and production went down marginally by 5.3% and 2.5% respectively. Capacity utilization improved from last year's 72.19% to 84.41% largely due to consistent crushing and regular availability of sugarcane.

#### Following factors were main contributors to the positive bottom line;

Sales volume increased by 68% primarily due to exports.

- Selling price went down by 29%, thereby reducing Gross margin to 8.53% compared to 16.81% of last corresponding period.
- Freight support subsidy from Federal Government was booked though not still realised.
- Share of Profit from Unicol Limited amounted to Rs.136.81 Million as compared to Rs.53.38 Million showing an increase of 156%.
- Reduction in finance cost from Rs.74.65 million to Rs.61.96 million.
- Exchange Rate gains of Rs.38.73 million compared to Rs.4.19 million. This was primarily due
  to the recent decline in PKR by almost 10% against the USD.
- Increase in the sale of bagasse by 89% compared to corresponding period of previous year.
   Total Baggasse sold in this period is 37,000 Tons.
- Sale of power to the grid of 2.4 Million units amounting to Rs. 21.94 Million.

#### INDUSTRY PERSPECTIVE

In view of the huge carryover from the previous season and corresponding global surplus of sugar, the market domestically hit at a 5 year low going below Rs. 45/- with Sales Tax during the season. This low sugar price made it uneconomical for mills to pay The Minimum Notified Cane Price and due to consistent deadlock on the part of provincial government in reaching an amicable solution, mills had no option but to approach the Sindh High Court for remedy.

The Court after hearing all parties reached an amicable tripartite settlement of an interim price of Rs.160/40 Kgs and held the notified price of Rs.182/40 Kgs in abeyance till final disposal of the matter by the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan in relation to a case pending since 2015.

On the sugar front unlike the previous year where there was uncertainty on export policy this year the federal and provincial governments had put in place a workable export policy from the start of the season. The export allowance of 1.5 million metric tons with a subsidy of Rs.10.70/kg facilitated sugar mills to export their sugar internationally and generate funds to pay off farmers for sugarcane purchased in addition to generating precious foreign exchange for the country. Once the 1.5 M Tons is exported the country is expected to receive approximately USD half a billion.

During this period your mill was able to export 42,276 Tons of sugar at an average price of USD 343. As of March 31st the export quotas have been utilised of 1.044 Million M. Tons out of 1.5 Million M. Tons.

Huge amount of pending subsidies are a cause of concerns for mills which have exported sugar. Our exports from November have yet to receive the subsidy amount of Rs. 381 Million is pending against our exports while the figure for the overall industry is approximately Rs. 10 Billion.

The receipt of these subsidies is critical in ensuring all cane payments are made by the industry and to ensure farmers are motivated to plant sugarcane for the next year.

#### UNICOL LIMITED

The distillery operated satisfactorily during the period. Ethanol and CO<sub>2</sub> plants ran efficiently and at capacity. The international prices of ethanol showed improvement by a few percentage, however the main reason for the healthy bottom line this year has been the reasonable price of Molasses purchases which showed the 30 percent fall during the crushing season.

Unicol's CO<sub>2</sub> sales almost doubled from 2,668 metric tons to 5,319 metric tons due to capacity expansion, aggressive marketing and well thought out distribution. This would also enable the Company to enter into long term supply contracts with leading beverage makers.

Following are the key data related to Unicol Ltd:

Financial Highlights	Units	March 2018	March 2017
Sales	Rs. in '000	2,489,939	2,092,165
Gross Profit	Rs. in '000	681,267	367,849
Gross Profit %	%	27.36%	17.58%
Profit before tax	Rs. in '000	435,659	180,170
Profit after tax	Rs. in '000	410,429	160,170
Net Profit %	%	16.48%	7.66%
Earnings per share	Rs.	2.74	1.07

#### UNIFOOD INDUSTRIES LIMITED

The packaged cake plant located at Hub Industrial Estate has finally gone into commercial production in February 2018 after a successful trial run. The distribution setup is being established and products are slowly penetrating in the market. However its launch in IMT and LMT markets is presently being negotiated. As the current period falls under low demand period therefore full fledged marketing and publicity campaign has been put on hold. We are quite confident that after the launch of the marketing campaign, volume will show significant increase. On their part, shareholders are fully committed towards the project and have been injecting equity as and when required by the management. We have so far injected Rs. 127 million in the project. As at March 31, 2018 (9 months period) Unifood has incurred a loss of Rs.110.367 Million which was as per expectations for the first year.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

Continued increase in national production of sugar coupled with a sluggish international market is continually keeping local sugar market depressed. This will hurt the local industry whose high cost of production due to high cane cost makes exports uncompetitive. The Federal and Provincial Governments have helped the industry partially by extending subsidy. However, due to delay in realization of these subsidies, mills have experienced cash flow problems.

Our area has been witnessing an increase in overall sugarcane production for last two years which was mainly due to prompt sugarcane payments by your and adjoining mills. However the dispute over Minimum Support Price, slower payments and a serious water crisis could affect sugarcane plantation in the next couple of years as growers may switch to other competing crops.

However, we at our end, will continue to play our role in improving varieties, controlling crop diseases and educating farmers in improving their per acre yield. Our cane team has been instrumental in application of latest techniques on plantation techniques and ways of cultivation as advised by our international consultants. Due to longer spell of dry warm weather and minimal rains in Sindh, water shortage is expected to play an important role in the lower future sugarcane crop.

Due to increase in national and international sugar production, we do not expect significant improvement in sugar selling price. Therefore it is imperative that minimum support price should be fixed keeping in view the sugar selling price. This is critical for the survival of the sugar industry.

Our continual efforts within the factory has been on efficiency in the process and energy conservation through steam efficiency. This was evident in substantial savings of bagasse. Our Waste Water Treatment Plant has been fully commissioned and automated. We are proud to have had a proper Fly Ash system since 5 years now and a Waste Water Treatment system and are pioneers in this technological advancement relating to cleaner environment and complying with all SEQS rules.

Our HP cogeneration project through a 100 percent owned SPV Mehran Energy has remained stalled during last few months. CPPA had filed a Review Petition with NEPRA over award of tariff which was eventually dismissed. However, they have now approached Islamabad High Court against NEPRA's verdict. Till such time as CPPA exhaust's their legal options, work on development of the project may remain suspended. We at our end are still optimistic about this project and sincerely, look forward for its revival as it is vital for industry's long term sustainability.

Unicol Limited continues to contribute positively and shall continue to play an instrumental role in ensuring healthy financials for the remaining quarters as well. The capacity enhancement in  $CO_2$  has strengthened profitability. Unicol's IPO has been delayed due to bearish conditions in the local bourse. However, management is fully geared to go public as and when the economic and investment situation becomes stable and the sentiment improves. Arrangements with bankers and consultants are in place and post election we shall review the decision.

Our long term investments in listed companies has been passing through a bearish spell. However, the recent down turn in the market has provided an opportunity to buy at lower levels and consolidate positions. In view of our investment in fundamentally strong scrips, we are quite hopeful for healthy long term returns.

Uni-Energy Limited, our wind power project has not made any headway's during the period under review. This is largely due to no clarity on the renewable framework by the GOP. We hope that post election there should be some positive development on this.

Overall sentiments in the global sugar market remains bearish largely due to a huge Indian and Thai crop yet. We however are hopeful that once 1.5 M Tons sugar is exported the market should stabilise locally. This should allow the company to post healthy numbers in the remaining half year. Our diversification policy into ethanol and other investments has been instrumental in stabilizing our operating results during a difficult cycle in the sugar industry.

We acknowledge the contribution of all concerned in achieving these results and hope that they would continue with the same zeal to achieve even better results by the end of the financial year.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Mohammed Ebrahim Hasham

Chief Executive Officer

بنانے والا پلانٹ ETP کمل طور پر تیار ہو چکا ہے جو کہ انتہائی جدید اور خودکار نظام ہے۔ ہم فخریہ طور پر کہہ سکتے ہیں کہ گزشتہ پانج سال سے فضامیں اڑتی راکھ کو قابو کرنے کا نظام اوراب آلودہ پانی کو صاف کرنے کا پلانٹ بھی کامیابی سے چلا رہے ہیں۔

ہمار اکو جزیشن یاور منصوبہ تعطل کا شکار ہے۔ CPPAنے ٹیرف کے ایوارڈ پر نظر ثانی کے لیے NEPRA کے ساتھ درخواست دی تھی جے مستر د کردیا گیا ، تاہم اس فیصلے کے خلاف اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ سے رجوع کیا گیا ہے اس لئے فی الحال اس منصوبے پر کام معطل ہے۔ ہم اب بھی اس منصوبے کی کامیابی کے لئے پُر امید ہیں اور اس کی بحالی کے لئے پُر امید ہیں یہ منصوبہ صنعت کے طویل المدتی استخام کے لئے کلیدی حثیت رکھتا ہے۔

یونی کول لمیٹڈ مسلسل مثبت نتائج دے رہا ہے اور کمپنی کے بقیہ ششاہی کے بہتر نتائج کے حصول میں بھی مدد گار ثابت ہو گا۔ CO<sub>2</sub> کی بیداواری استعداد بڑھانے سے سمپنی کے منافع میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

اسٹاک مارکیٹ میں مندی کے باعث یونی کول کے IPO کو موخر کیا گیا ہے ، تاہم جیسے ہی اس کے لئے حالات موافق ہونگے اس کو آگے بڑھایا جائے گا۔ بینکوں اور کنسلٹنٹ کے معاہدات اپنی جگہ قائم ہیں اور الیکش کے بعد اس پر دوبارہ غور کیا جائے گا۔

ہاری لسٹڈ کپنیوں کے خصص میں سرمایہ کاری مندی کا شکار ہے۔ موجودہ بحران میں ایک اچھا موقع ہے کہ ہم کم از کم قیت پر خصص کی خریداری کر کے اپنی پوزیش کو مشکم کر لیں ۔ چونکہ ہاری سرمایہ کاری بنیاد طور پر مستحکم کپنیوں میں ہے اس لئے ہمیں امید ہے کہ بہتر طویل المدتی نتائج حاصل ہوں گے۔

یونی از جی لمیٹڈ ، ہو اسے بجلی بنانے کا منصوبہ ہے جس میں متذکرہ عرصہ میں کو ئی پیش رفت نہیں ہو ئی ۔ جس کی بنیا دی وجہ قابل تجدید توانائی کے حوالے سے پالیسی فریم ورک نہ ہونا ہے۔ ہمیں امید ہے کہ الیکش کے بعد اس میں کچھ مثبت پیش رفت ہو گی۔

چینی کی بین الاقوامی منڈی میں مندی کا رجمان ہے جس کی وجہ انڈیا اور تھائی لینڈ میں گئے کی پیداوار میں اضافہ ہے۔ ہمیں امید ہے کہ جیسے ہی 1.5 ملین ٹن چینی کی برآمد مممل ہو گی مقامی منڈی میں چینی کی قیمتیں منتظم ہو جائیں گی جس سے امید ششاہی میں مالیاتی نتائج میں بہتری آئیگی۔ ہماری ایتھنول اور دوسری سرمایہ کاری اس طرح کے مشکل حالات میں ہاری مد و معاون ثابت ہوتی ہیں جس سے کمپنی کے مالیاتی نتائج مشکم رکھنے میں مدد ملتی ہے۔

ہم ان تمام افراد کو سراہتے ہیں جنہوں نے یہ نتائج حاصل کرنے کے لئے محنت کی اور امید ہے کہ مستقبل میں بھی وہ اس جو کلیے۔ وہ اسی جذبہ سے کام لیں گے جو کہ اس سال بہتر نتائج حاصل کرنے میں مدد گار ثابت ہونگے۔

> از طرف بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز

ابراہیم باشم محد ابراہیم باشم دن اگر بکشہ آفسہ

كراچى۔ 30مئى 2018

### يونى فوڈ انڈسٹر يزلميٹڈ

سر بند کیک بنانے کا کارخانہ جو کہ حب انڈسٹریل ایریا میں واقع ہے، نے اپنی آزمائش پیداوار کی کامیابی کے بعد باآخر فروری2018 ہے کمرشل پیداوار کا آغاز کر دیا ہے۔ ڈسٹری بیوش کا نظام قائم کر دیا گیا ہے جس کے بعد مصنوعات کی دستیابی مارکیٹ میں بڑھ رہی ہے۔ فی الحال بڑے اسٹوروں پر اس کی دستیابی کچھ تاخیر کا شکار ہے۔ جیسا کہ موجودہ دورانیہ طلب کے حوالے سے کچھ ست ہے اس لئے مارکیٹنگ کو کچھ عرصے کے لئے موخرکیا ہوا ہے۔ ہمیں بھرپور یقین ہے کہ طلب کے حوالے سے کچھ ست ہے اس لئے مارکیٹنگ کو کچھ عرصے کے لئے موخرکیا ہوا ہے۔ ہمیں بھرپور یقین ہے کہ جیسے بی مارکیٹنگ شروع کی جائے گی سیز کا حجم بڑھنا شروع ہو جائے گا۔جب بھی ضرورت ہو ہمینی کے حصص یافتگان اپنے جسے کا سرمایہ کمپنی میں لگانے کے لئے پر عزم ہیں ۔ اب تک ہم نے اس مضوبہ میں 12 کروڑ سر لاکھ روپے کی سرمایہ کاری کی ہے۔ 31 مارچ 2018 کو ختم ہونے والے تو مائی مالیاتی نتائج کے مطابق سمپنی کو 110.367 ملین کا نقصان ہوا ہے جو کہ پہلے سال کیلئے تو قع کے عین مطابق ہے۔

### مستقبل کا منظرنامه

قومی چینی کی پیداوار میں مسلسل اضافہ اور بین الاقوامی منڈی میں قیمتوں میں کمی کے رجمان کی وجہ سے چینی کی صنعت شدید دباو کا شکار ہے جس سے مقامی صنعت کو نقصان چینچنے کاخدشہ ہے جو کہ گئے کی زیادہ قیمتوں کے باعث پیداواری لاگت میں اضافہ ہونے کی وجہ سے برآمدی منڈیوں مین مقابلہ نہیں کر پا رہیں۔ وفاقی اور صوبائی حکومتوں کی جانب سے اعلان کردہ سبیڈی نے جزوی طو پر صنعت کی مدد کی ہے۔تاہم ان سبیڈیوں کی وصولی میں تاخیر کی وجہ سے ملوں کو مالی ادائیگیوں میں دشواری کا سامنا ہے۔

تاہم ہمارے علاقے میں گذشتہ چند برسول میں گئے کی مجموعی پیداوار میں اضافہ دیکھنے میں آیا ہے جس کی بنیادی وجہ ہماری اور ارد گرد کی دوسری ملوں کی جانب سے کاشٹکاروں بر وقت ادائیگیاں ہے۔

تاہم مقرر کردہ کم از کم امدادی قبیت کے تنازع ،ادائیگیوں میں ست روی اور پانی کے شکین مسائل اگلے چند سالوں میں گئے کی کاشت پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہیں اور کاشتکاردوسری نفذ آور فصل کی طرف جاسکتے ہیں ۔

بہر حال ہم اپنے طور پر ورائٹی میں بہتری ، فصل میں بیاریوں کی روک تھام اور کاشتکاروں کی تعلیم کہ جس سے ان کی فی ایکڑ پیداوار میں اضافہ ہو، کے لئے اپنی کو ششیں جاری رکھیں گے۔اس سلسلے میں ہمارا کین ڈیپارٹمنٹ جدید طریقہ کا استعال اور کاشت کے ان طریقوں کا استعال جیسا کہ ہمارے بین الاقوامی ماہرین نے تجویز کیا ہے، کے لئے بہت اہم کردار ادا کر رہا ہے۔سندھ میں گرم اور خشک موسم کے دورانیہ میں اضافہ اور بارشوں میں کمی کی وجہ سے مستقبل میں گئی کی پیداوار میں کمی ہو سکتی ہے۔

قومی اور بین الاقوامی سطح پر چینی کی پیداوار میں اضافے کی وجہ سے ہم چینی کی قیمت فروخت میں بہتری کی توقع نہیں کرسکتے ، امدا یہ بات انتہائی ضروری ہے کہ گئے کی قیمت ، چینی کی قیمت فروخت سے مشروط کی جائے۔ یہ چینی کی صنعت کی بقا کے لئے انتہائی اہم ہے۔

گذشتہ کچھ سالوں سے پروسس کی صلاحیت کو بہتر بنانے اور بھاپ کی بچت کرنے پر بھرپور توجہ دی جارہی ہے جس کی وجہ سے بگاس کی کھیت میں نمایاں کی واقع ہوئی اور اچھی تعداد میں بگا س کی بچت ہوئی ۔مارا آلودہ پانی کو قابل استعال

مزیدیہ کہ ملک کے لئے قبیتی زرمبادلہ حاصل کیا جاسکے۔پندرہ لاکھ ٹن برآمدات مکمل ہوتے ہی ملک کو پیچاس کروڑ (50کروڑ) ڈالرز ذر مبادلہ حاصل ہوگا۔

آپ کی مل اس دوران 42,276ٹن چینی برآمد کر چکی ہے جس کی اوسط قیمت 343ڈالر ہے۔ 31ماری تک 1.5ملین ٹن برآمدی کوٹھ میں سے 1.044ملین ٹن کے برآمدی آرڈر حاصل کئے جا چکے ہیں۔

اس وقت برآمد کنند گان کے لئے سب سے بڑا مسکلہ سبیڈی کی عدم ادائیگی ہے۔نومبر سے اب تک ہاری سبیڈی 381ملین روپے ہیں۔

یہ سبیڈی کاشتکاروں کو مکمل ادائیگی کے لئے بہت اہم ہے جس سے کاشتکاروں کو آئندہ سالوں میں گنا کاشت کرنے کے لئے ہمت افغرائ ہوگی۔

### يونی کول

متذکرہ ششاہی کے دوران کمپنی کی کارکردگی اطمینان بخش رہی۔ ایتھنول اور کاربن ڈائی آکسائڈ (CO) پلانٹ کی کارکردگی اور پیداواری صلاحت کا استعال موثررہا۔عالمی منڈی میں ایتھنول کی قیمتوں میں بہتری ہوئی کین منافع میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ مولیسس کی کم قیمت پر خریداری ہے جہاں قیمتوں میں %30کتک کی ریکارڈ کی گئ۔

پیداواری صلاحیت میں اضافے اور بہتر مارکٹنگ کے نتیج میں کاربن ڈائی آلسائڈ (CO)کی فروخت 2,668میٹرک ٹن سے 5,319میٹرک ٹن ہو گئی ہے جو کہ تقریباًد گئی ہے۔ جو کہ سمپنی کو معروف مشروبات بنانے والوں کے ساتھ طویل المدتی معاہدوں کے لئے مددگار ثابت ہوگا۔

ارچ 2017	ارچ 2018		مالياتي معلومات (فنانشل ہائی لائٹس)
2,092,165	2,489,939	روپے ہزاروں میں	- فروخت
367,849	681,267	روپے ہزاروں میں	مجموعی منافع
17.58%	27.36%	فصد	مجموعی منافع کی شرح
180,170	435,659	روپے ہزاروں میں	قبل از خیکس منافع
160,170	410,429	روپے ہزاروں میں	بعد از شیس منافع
7.66%	16.48%	فصد	خالص منافع کی شرح
1.07	2.74	ر ویے	فی خصص آمدن

### مندرجہ زیل عوامل بہتر نتائج حاصل کرنے میں کارفرما رہے:

- بر آمدات کی وجہ سے چینی کی فروخت کے حجم میں %68 کا اضافہ ہوا۔
- چینی کی قیمت فروخت میں %29 کی کمی واقع ہوئی جس کی وجہ سے خالص منافع کی شرح %8.53 رہی جو
   کہ گذشتہ ای عرصے کے دوران%16.81 تھی۔
- وفاقی کومت کی جانب سے برآمدی چینی کی نقل و حمل کی مد میں دی گئی سبیڈی ریکارڈ کی گئی باوجود اس کے کہ ایجی ادائیگی نہیں ہوئی۔
- یونی کول کمیٹٹ سے حاصل ہونے والے منافع کا حصہ 136.81ملین روپے رہا جبکہ گذشتہ ای عرصے میں یہ 53.38ملین روپے تھا اس طرح سے اضافے کا تناسب %156رہا ۔
  - مالیاتی اخراجات 74.65ملین روپے سے کم ہوکر61.96ملین روپے رہے۔
- کرنی کی شرح مبادلہ کی مد میں ہونے والا منافع 38.73ملین روپے رہا جو کہ پچھلے سال 4.119ملین روپے تھا جس کی وجہ پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں حالیہ ہونے والی %10کی تھی ہے۔
- بگاس کی فروخت کی مد ممیں پچھلے سال کی نسبت %89کا اضافہ ہوا ۔ اس سال بگاس کی فروخت کا مجم 37,000ٹن رہا۔
  - گرڈ کو بجلی کی تر سیل 2.4ملین یونٹ رہی جس کی قیمت 21.94 ملین روپے تھی۔

### چینی کی صنعت

ملک میں موجود پچھلے سال کے ذخارُ اور عالمی منڈی میں چینی کے وافرذخارُ کی وجہ سے مقامی منڈی میں چینی کی قیمت پچھلے پانچ سالوں میں کم ترین سطح یعنی پینتالیس (45)روپے ٹی کلو گرام (بمعہ سلز کئیس) تک گرگئی تھی۔قیمتوں میں اس قدر کی نے کارخانہ داروں کے لئے کاشٹکاروں کو گئے کے مقرر کردہ کم از کم نرخ ادا کرنا نا ممکن بنا دیا تھااور عکومت سندھ کا اس سلطے میں مسئلے کو تمام فریقین کو قابل قبول حل نہ کرنے کی وجہ سے جمیں مجبوراً سندھ ہائی کورٹ سے رجوع کرنا پڑا۔

شدھ ہائی کورٹ نے تمام فریقین کو سننے کے بعد تمام فریقین کے لئے ایک قابل قبول فیصلہ دیتے ہوئے مقررہ قعیت 182روپے فی 40کلو گرام سے کم کر کے ایک عبوری قعیت 160روپے فی 40کلو گرام مقرر کی جب تک کہ سپریم کورٹ میں 2015سے جاری ای نوعیت کے ایک اور کیس کا فیصلہ نہیں ہو جاتا۔

پچھلے سال کی نسبت اس سال وفاقی اور صوبائی حکومتوں نے سیزن کے شروع میں ہی ایک قابل عمل برآمدی پالیسی کا اعلان کر دیا تھا۔ چینی کا برآمدی کوٹہ 1.5 ملین میٹرک ٹن مقرر کیا گیا جس پر دس روپے ستر پیسے فی کلو گرام کے حساب سے سبیڈی مقرر کی گئی تاکہ چینی کی بیرون ملک فروخت میں مدد مل سکے اور کسانوں کو باآسانی ادائیگی ہوسکے

### ٔ دائر یکٹرز ربورٹ ڈائر یکٹرز ربورٹ

میں مارچ 2018 کو ختم ہونے والے ششاہی کے مالی نتائج آپ کی خدمت میں پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محسوس کررہاہوں۔

ارچ 2017	ىرچ 2018	آپریشل معلومات
15-11-2016	27-11-2017	سیزن شروع ہونے کی تاریخ
1,056,198	999,780	کنے کی کرشنگ( میٹرک ٹن )
72.19%	84.41%	پیداداری صلاحت کا استعال
11.06%	11.49%	سکروز %
116,780	113,810	چینی کی پیداوار (میٹرک ٹن)
47,856	44,645	مولیسس کی پیداوار (میٹرک ٹن)
4.53%	4.47%	مولیسس%
ارچ 2017	مارچ 2018	مالياتي معلومات (فنائشل ہائی لائٹس)
•	_	
		( قُمْ ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی حصص آمدنی کے )
2,573,529	2,840,196	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور)
		(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے)
2,573,529	2,840,196	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور)
2,573,529 98,656	2,840,196 126,532	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور) ایف ای ڈی / سکر ٹیکس
2,573,529 98,656 415,910	2,840,196 126,532 231,451	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور) ایف ای ڈی / سیلز ممیل خالص منافع
2,573,529 98,656 415,910 16.81%	2,840,196 126,532 231,451 8.53%	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور) ایف ای ڈی / سیز ٹیکس خالص منافع منافع کی شرح خالص قبل از ٹیکس منافع
2,573,529 98,656 415,910 16.81% 528,768	2,840,196 126,532 231,451 8.53% 129,381	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور) ایف ای ڈی / سیلز ٹیکس خالص منافع منافع کی شرح خالص
2,573,529 98,656 415,910 16.81% 528,768 21.37%	2,840,196 126,532 231,451 8.53% 129,381 4.77%	(رقم ہزاروں میں ماسوائے فی خصص آمدنی کے) کل فروخت (ٹرن اوور) ایف ای ڈی / سیز ٹیکس خالص منافع منافع کی شرح خالص قبل از ٹیکس منافع

گذشتہ ایک دہائی میں یہ پہلاموقع ہے کہ جب اپریل کے پہلے ہفتے کے بعد تک بھی کرشنگ جاری رہی۔ للذا اوپر دیے گئے کرشنگ اور پیداداری اعداد و شار ختمی نہیں-

خشاہی کے اختتام پر سکروز ریکوری 11.49%رہی جو کہ پیچلے سال کی 11.06%سے بہت بہتر ہے، جو کہ سمپنی کی تاریخ میں سب سے زیادہ ہےاور ملک میں اب تک کسی بھی مل کی طرف سے حاصل کی گئی سکروز ریکوری میں سب سے زیادہ ہے۔ سے زیا دہ ہے۔

کر شنگ اور پیدادار میں بالترتیب %5.3اور %2.5 کی معمولی کمی ہوئی ، اس عرصے کے دوران ہماری پیداواری صلاحیت %84.41منی جو کہ پچھلے سال %72.19 تھی اس کی بڑی وجہ گئے کی لگاتار فراہمی اور بغیر کسی وقفے کے کر شنگ تھی۔

## Auditors' Report to the Members on Review of Condensed Interim Financial Information

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of **Mehran Sugar Mills Limited (the Company)** as at 31 March 2018, the related condensed interim statement of profit and loss, condensed interim statement of other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and notes to the accounts (here-in-after referred to as "interim financial information") for the six month period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of condensed interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note 13.1 to the condensed interim financial information which describes the uncertainty relating to the outcome of the lawsuits and appeals filed by / against the Company. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of these matters.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Review Engagement Partner: Arif Nazeer

Place: Karachi

### Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2018

ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Note	March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	September 30, 2017 (Audited) Rupees
Property, plant and equipment Long-term investments Long-term deposits	6 7	2,144,820,539 1,018,177,103 792,170 3,163,789,812	2,188,132,989 977,676,351 1,113,170 3,166,922,510
CURRENT ASSETS Biological assets Stores and spare parts Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables Short-term investments Taxation – net Cash and bank balances	8	4,613,103 99,673,305 2,869,028,602 290,611,821 83,137,049 29,527,966 6,292,436 1,148,566,381 70,131,948 83,774,200 4,685,356,811	17,662,000 83,880,941 1,205,456,973 174,514,430 148,344,754 7,753,808 4,493,899 830,319,250 54,617,134 28,761,062
TOTAL ASSETS		7,849,146,623	5,722,726,761
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorized capital 50,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each		500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 32,031,245 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each Reserves		320,312,450 2,115,993,242 2,436,305,692	320,312,450 1,897,941,949 2,218,254,399
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance leases Market committee fee payable Deferred liability Deferred taxation	10	858,521,752 21,094,917 64,396,604 4,803,167 275,318,834 1,224,135,274	448,747,505 31,686,538 65,974,256 4,878,275 288,210,549 839,497,123
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Accrued mark up Short-term borrowings Current portion of long-term financing Current portion of liabilities against assets subject to finance Current portion of market committee fee payable	12 e leases	1,938,158,489 27,658,487 1,860,029,188 176,154,964 22,873,711 3,757,652	1,088,931,575 32,324,757 1,117,039,706 156,023,610 24,434,897 3,757,652
Provision for market committee fee Provision for quality premium Taxation – net Sales tax and federal excise duty payable	11	29,966,045 119,290,919 - 10,816,202	19,968,245 119,290,919 - 103,203,878
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	13	4,188,705,657	2,664,975,239
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		7,849,146,623	5,722,726,761

The annexed notes from 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

### Condensed Interim Statement of Profit and Loss

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

		Half ye	ar ended	Quarter ended		
		March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Note	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Turnover - net		2,713,664,216	2,474,872,783	1,584,214,118	1,606,456,989	
Cost of sales		(2,482,213,094)	(2,058,963,028)	(1,295,005,708)	(1,339,487,647)	
Gross profit		231,451,122	415,909,755	289,208,410	266,969,342	
Distribution expenses		(65,171,008)	(30,169,776)	(47,611,856)	(25,402,222)	
Administrative expenses		(128,153,439)	(124,041,834)	(76,982,579)	(78,175,619)	
Other expenses		(18,523,429)	(16,859,017)	-	(9,468,419)	
Other income	14	70,699,768	314,186,542	54,854,300	140,734,927	
		(141,148,108)	143,115,915	(69,740,135)	27,688,667	
Operating profit		90,303,014	559,025,670	219,468,275	294,658,009	
Finance costs		(71,222,661)	(80,111,177)	(37,726,883)	(65,935,991)	
Share of profit from associates – net of tax		110,300,745	49,853,423	79,028,117	27,739,344	
Profit before taxation		129,381,098	528,767,916	260,769,509	256,461,362	
Taxation						
- Current		(33,386,236)	(62,697,478)	(21,944,349)	(49,622,420)	
- Prior		-	(6,509,331)	-	(5,758,497)	
- Deferred		12,891,715	2,022,703	(53,831,466)	718,178	
		(20,494,521)	(67,184,106)	(75,775,815)	(54,662,739)	
Net profit for the period		108,886,577	461,583,810	184,993,694	201,798,623	
Earnings per share- Basic and diluted (Rupees)		3.40	14.41	5.78	6.30	

The annexed notes from 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Office

Chief Financial Office

Director

### Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

	Half year ended		Quarte	er ended
	March 31, March 31,		March 31,	March 31,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Net profit for the period	108,886,577	461,583,810	184,993,694	201,798,623
Other comprehensive income				
Items to be classified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods				
Unrealised gain / (loss) on revaluation of investments – net of tax	84,230,564	115,480,381	105,134,841	(57,049,877)
Reclassification to profit and loss account for (gain) / loss upon sale of investments	24,934,151	(84,121,338)	16,827,013	14,666,053 (42,383,824)
Total comprehensive income for the period	218,051,292	492,942,853	306,955,548	159,414,799

The annexed notes from 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

### Condensed Interim Cash Flow Statement

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

		March 31,	March 31,
		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		·	·
Profit before taxation		129,381,098	528,767,916
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation	[	80,650,649	72,607,231
Share of profit from associates		(110,300,745)	(49,853,423)
Provision for market committee fee		9,997,800	10,561,982
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		(2,301,201)	(2,235,414)
loss/(gain) on sale of short term investments		9,246,165	(252,591,867)
Finance costs		71,222,661	80,111,177
		58,515,329	(141,400,314)
Working capital changes	14	(967,747,589)	(4,332,120,268)
		(779,851,162)	(3,944,752,666)
Gratuity paid		(75,108)	(301,866)
Taxes paid		(48,901,048)	(109,935,251)
Finance costs paid		(75,888,931)	(30,217,881)
Market committee fee paid		(1,577,652)	(2,180,000)
Long term deposits		321,000	(40,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(905,972,901)	(4,087,427,664)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure	Γ	(37,908,262)	(167,743,537)
Investments made during the period – net		(932,326,724)	(1,632,470,111)
Proceeds from disposal of short term investments		658,798,141	1,917,691,420
Dividend received from associated companies		124,999,993	
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		2,871,264	3,410,000
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	-	(183,565,588)	120,887,772
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long-term financing – net	Γ	429,905,601	215,070,979
Short term borrowings – net		742,989,482	3,880,330,291
Lease rentals paid		(12,152,806)	(16,314,750)
Dividends paid		(16,190,650)	(120,117,646)
Net cash generated from financing activities	L	1,144,551,627	3,958,968,874
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	55,013,138	(7,571,018)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		28,761,062	34,438,332
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	-	83,774,200	26,867,314)
	=		

Chief Executive Officer

### Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

		Reserves						
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital reserve - Share premium	General Reserve	Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments	on defined benefit plan	Unappropriated profit	Total eserves	Total
				Rı	upees			
Balance as at October 01, 2016	320,312,450	63,281,250	85,000,000	146,743,887	3,473,393	1,704,604,475	2,003,103,005	2,323,415,455
Final dividend @ Rs. 2.25 per share for the year September 30, 2016	-	-	-	-	-	(72,070,387)	(72,070,387)	(72,070,387)
Interim dividend @ Re. 1.25 per share for the year September 30, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	(48,047,259)	(48,047,259)	(48,047,259)
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	461,583,810	461,583,810	461,583,810
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	31,359,043	-	-	31,359,043	31,359,043
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	31,359,043	-	461,583,810	492,942,853	492,942,853
Balance as at March 31, 2017	320,312,450	63,281,250	85,000,000	178,102,930	3,473,393	2,046,070,639	2,375,928,212	2,696,240,662
Balance as at October 01, 2017	320,312,450	63,281,250	85,000,000	86,899,497	2,654,285	1,660,106,919	1,897,941,950	2,218,254,400
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	108,886,577	108,886,577	108,886,577
Other comprehensive income	-			109,164,715	-		109,164,715	109,164,715
Total comprehensive Income	-	-	-	109,164,715	-	108,886,577	218,051,292	218,051,292
Balance as at March 31, 2018	320,312,450	63,281,250	85,000,000	196,064,212	2,654,285	1,768,993,496	2,115,993,242	2,436,305,692

The annexed notes from 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

#### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Mehran Sugar Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on December 22, 1965 under the Companies Act, 1913 and then under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, which is now superceded by the Companies Act, 2017. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of sugar. The registered office of the Company is situated at 14th floor, Dolmen City Executive Tower, Marine Drive, Block 4, Clifton, Karachi. The mill of the Company is located at Distt. Tando Allahyar, Sindh.

These condensed interim financial statements are separate interim financial statements of the Company.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting which comprise of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirement if IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed interim financial statements are un-audited but subject to limited scope review by the statutory auditors as required under Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2017.

The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account for the quarters ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and notes forming part thereof have not been reviewed by the statutory auditors of the Company, as they are required to review only the cumulative figures for the half year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017 except that the Company has adopted the following amendments to IFRSs which became effective for the current period:

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash flows: Disclosures - Disclosure initiative(Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments)

The adoption of the above amendments to accounting standards did not have any material impact on these condensed interim financial information of the Company. The Company has not early adopted any other standard, amendment or interpretation that has been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but is not yet effective.

In addition to the above, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements to the standards do not have any material impact on the interim financial information of the Company.

#### 5. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Company's production process is seasonal in nature because of the cultivation and reaping of sugarcane due to which production is carried out in the first half of the financial year.

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

		Note	March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	September 30, 2017 (Audited) Rupees
6.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating assets			
	- Owned	6.1	2,021,864,254	1,903,861,373
	- Leased	6.2	79,026,787	88,033,597
			2,100,891,041	1,991,894,970
	Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)	6.3	43,929,498	196,238,019
			2,144,820,539	2,188,132,989
6.1	Operating assets – owned			
	Book value at the beginning of the period / year		1,903,861,373	1,597,486,768
	Additions during the period / year	6.1.1	24,932,336	39,273,005
	Transfer from CWIP during the period / year	6.3	165,284,447	401,578,184
	Less:		2,094,078,156	2,038,337,957
	Disposal during the period / year		390,900	7,147,806
	Depreciation charged during the period / year		71,823,002	127,328,778
	Doprociation charged during the period / year		72,213,902	134,476,584
			2,021,864,254	1,903,861,373
	6.1.1 Additions during the period / year			
	Plant, machinery and equipment		12,361,061	26,792,878
	Vehicles		1,043,000	2,058,000
	Computers		61,300	1,522,487
	Electric installation		10,255,844	3,052,383
	Air-conditioners and refrigerators		683,130	756,394
	Furniture and fittings		100,001	111,500
	Factory building		-	4,859,863
	Office equipment		380,000	103,000
	Weighbridge and scales		48,000	16,500
			24,932,336	39,273,005
6.2	Operating assets – leased			
	Book value at the beginning of the period / year		88,033,597	59,915,793
	Additions during the period / year - vehicles			49,417,490
			88,033,597	109,333,283
	Less:			
	Disposals during the period / year		796,000	2,215,100
	Depreciation charged during the period / year		8,210,810	19,084,586
			9,006,810	21,299,686
			79,026,787	88,033,597

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

#### 6.3 Capital work-in-progress

		Opening balance	Addition during th period / ye	e operating	balance
				Rupees	
	Civil works Plant, machinery and equipment March 31, 2018	46,152,924 150,085,095 196,238,019	3,791,9 9,184,0 12,975,9	11 (145,895,297)	13,373,809
	September 30, 2017	295,521,966	302,294,2	37 (401,578,184)	196,238,019
			% of holding	March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	September 30, 2017 (Audited) Rupees
7.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS				
	Subsidiary - unquoted				
	Mehran Energy Limited 4,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10	each	100	40,000,000	40,000,000
	Associates – unquoted				
	Unicol Limited 49,999,997 (2017: 49,999,997) Ordin of Rs. 10 each	ary shares	33	864,221,949	852,412,955
	UniEnergy Limited 1,999,998 (2017: 1,999,998) Ordinary of Rs. 10 each	/ shares	25	19,905,557	19,925,667
	UniFoods Industries Limited 12,720,000 (2017: 7,200,000) Ordina of Rs. 10 each	ry shares	24	94,049,597 978,177,103 1,018,177,103	65,337,729 937,676,351 977,676,351
8.	STOCK-IN-TRADE				
	Manufactured sugar - Work-in-process - Finished goods  Molasses Baggasse			40,087,287 2,763,921,702 2,804,008,989 45,769,613 19,250,000 2,869,028,602	2,519,343 1,202,937,630 1,205,456,973 - - 1,205,456,973
9.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS				
	Held to maturity Term deposit certificates			3,300,000	3,300,000
	Available for sale Listed equity securities			1,145,266,381 1,148,566,381	827,019,250 830,319,250

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

#### LONG TERM FINANCING – secured

There is no change noted in the terms and conditions of long term financing as disclosed in the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30th September 2017, except that during the current period, the Company has obtained additional long term loan facility from a commercial bank amounting to Rs. 500 million. The facility carries a markup rate of 3 months' KIBOR plus 0.4% per annum repayable in sixteen equal quarterly installments commencing from September 2018 and is secured first pari passu hypothecation Company's fixed assets.

#### 11. PROVISION FOR QUALITY PREMIUM

Under the Sugar Factories Control Act, 1950 (SFC Act), every sugar mill in Sindh is required to pay quality premium to cane growers at the rate of 50 paisa per 40 Kg cane for each 0.1 percent of excess sucrose recovery above the benchmark of 8.7 percent.

The Company had challenged the levy of quality premium before the Sindh High Court (SHC) under Section 16(v) of the Act along with other sugar mills of Sindh, however, the matter was decided against the Company via a Judgment of SHC dated 27 March 2003. Thereafter, the Company filed an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) which initially granted stay to the Company, while admitting the appeal against the impugned judgment of SHC. Since the matter was under litigation, however, the Company has recorded full provision for quality premium for years 1999 till 2008, as a matter of prudence.

Based on the verdict issued by the SCP dated 05 March 2018 and advice from the legal advisor of the Company, the Company is of the view that since no valid notification for quality premium under section 16(v) could have been issued by the Provincial Government, no liability for payment of quality premium has arisen between the crushing season 1998-1999 till the date of the Judgement. However, as a matter of abundant precaution, the Company has not reversed this provision until further clarification from the Provincial Government.

		March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	September 30, 2017 (Audited) Rupees
12.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - secured		
	Short term running finances Short term finance	4,529,188 1,855,500,000 1,860,029,188	182,539,706 934,500,000 1,117,039,706

12.1 There is no change in the terms and conditions of the short term running finances and short term finance facility as disclosed in the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2017 except for a new short term finance facility obtained from a local commercial bank amounting to USD 10 Million with a markup of 6 months LIBOR + 0.25%. The facility is secured by pledge of sugar stocks, Hypothecation charges on fixed assets and Mortgages of the Company.

#### 13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 13.1 Contingencies

- (i) Contribution demanded by SESSI amounting to Rs.3.28 million, for the period July 1987 to August 1990, had been disputed by the Company. The case is currently pending decision before the Court. The Company and its legal counsel are hopeful for a favorable outcome of the case and hence, no provision has been made against the above demand in these condensed interim financial statements.
- (ii) DGDP's risk purchase claim amounting to Rs. 38.58 million, was disputed by the Company on

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

the grounds that the goods were delivered in time, however, the DGDP failed to lift the goods thereby indulging in breach of the contract. DGDP also withheld tender money paid by the Company amounting to Rs. 8.19 million during the year 1995 and 1996. The Company filed a counter claim of Rs. 25.81 million against the said breach of contract. The said cases are pending before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan and the Honorable Lahore High Court. The management and legal counsel of the Company are confident that no liability will arise in respect of the risk purchase claim, and hence no provision has been made for the same in these condensed interim financial statements

- (iii) The Company filed an appeal before the Court and was granted a stay against the order of Customs, Excise and Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal, Karachi, upholding allegation of non-payment of sales tax on advances etc., amounting to Rs. 11.087 million. Based on the advice of the tax advisor, the management is confident of a favorable outcome and hence, no provision is made in these condensed interim financial statements.
- (iv) The Company has filed an appeal before Customs, Excise and Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal, Karachi, which is pending for hearing, against the order of the Deputy Collector, Collectorate of Customs, Excise and Sales Tax (Adjudication), Hyderabad to pay off alleged demand of Rs. 10.07 million along with additional tax and penalty. Based on the advice of the tax advisor, the management is confident of a favorable outcome and hence, no provision has been made in these condensed interim financial statements.
- (v) Pakistan Standards and Quality Control Authority (PSQCA) had demanded a fee payment at the rate of 0.1 percent of ex-factory price for the year 2008-09 amounting to Rs.2.2 million. The Company is of the view that demand notifications so raised are without any lawful authority under the PSQCA Act-VI of 1996 and are in violation of the constitution. Based on the advise of the legal advisor, the management is confident that it would not be liable to pay the said marking fee and hence no provision is made in these condensed interim financial statements
- (vi) The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Appeals against the order of the Deputy Commissioner Enforcement and Collection whereby sales tax liability along with penalty amounting to Rs.18 million has been established for claiming inadmissible input tax adjustment. During the current year, the Commissioner Appeals has remanded back the case to Deputy Commissioner Enforcement and Collection which is pending for hearing. Based on the advice of the tax advisor, the management is confident of a favorable outcome and hence, no provision is made in these condensed interim financial statements.
- (vii) Represents down payment made in respect of purchase of Thatta Sugar Mills (the Mill) and other costs incurred in running the Mill from November 1992 up to July 1993, when the Mill was forcibly taken over by the Government of Sindh (GoS) without paying any amount. The Company filed a law suit for Rs. 166 million being the amount of down payment, expenses incurred (including payment to workers) and loss of profits. The GoS made a counter claim of Rs.402 million against the Company. The case is currently pending in the Honorable High Court of Sindh (the Court) for recording of evidences. While the Company's suit for recovery of compensation is pending in the Court, the GoS invited bids for the sale of the Mill through Sindh Privatization Commission but it could not succeed. The GoS is now trying to privatize it through the Federal Privatization Commission. The representative of the GoS has also admitted the fact that the Mill was taken over by the GoS without making any payment to the Company. However, the Company has made provision against the aforesaid receivable of Rs. 42.510 million as a matter of prudence and the fact that the debt is outstanding for a considerable period.

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

13.2	Commitments	March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	September 30, 2017 (Audited) Rupees
	Capital commitments	165,190,000	49,885,762
	Commitments in respect of equity investment in an associate	48,800,000	838,000,000
	Commitments in respect of operating lease rentals for farms	21,703,500	5,622,750
	Commitments in respect of finance lease obligation for vehicles	43,968,628	56,121,435
14.	OTHER INCOME		
	Includes exchange gain amounting to Rs. 38.7 million (2017: Rs electricity to HESCO amounting to Rs. 18 million (2017: Rs. 21.2		come from sale of
		March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	March 31, 2017 (Un-audited) Rupees
15.	WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES		
	(Increase)/decrease in current assets		
	Biological assets Stores and spare parts Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables  (Decrease) / increase in current liabilities  Trade and other payables Sales tax and federal excise duty payable	13,048,897 (15,792,364) (1,663,571,629) (116,097,391) 65,207,705 (21,774,158) (1,798,537) (1,740,777,477) 865,417,564 (92,387,676) 773,029,888 (967,747,589)	34,634,084 (8,973,259) (3,928,163,865) (219,931,344) 52,914,149 (26,287,218) 559,076 (4,095,248,377) (237,459,077) 587,186 (236,871,891) (4,332,120,268)

For the period ended March 31, 2018 (Un-Audited)

#### 16. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include group companies, associated companies staff retirement funds and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties during the period other than disclosed elsewhere in the condensed interim financial information, are as follows:

	March 31, 2018 (Un-audited) Rupees	March 31, 2017 (Un-audited) Rupees
Associates		
Sales	249,656,531	393,361,648
Expenses shared	555,524	523,278
Donations paid	8,200,000	5,000,000
Key management personnel		
Salaries and allowances	35,406,000	37,467,156
Bonus	10,952,415	16,402,524
Retirement benefit plans		
Contribution to Provident Fund	2,317,143	2,431,506

#### **GENERAL** 17.

These condensed interim financial statements have been authorised for issue on May 30, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Chief Executive Officer

NOTES

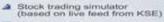




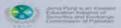
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Executive Tower, Dolmen City, 14th Floor, Block-4, Marine Drive, Clifton, Karachi-75600

Tel: (92 21) 35297814-17

Fax: (92 21) 35297818, 35297827

info@mehransugar.com

mehransugar.com

